



Standard PCI.5.1

All patient, staff, and visitor areas of the hospital are included in the infection prevention and control program.

Infection prevention and control program includes:

- ✓ All patient care areas
- ✓ All staff areas
- ✓ All visitor areas of the hospital.



Standard PCI.7

The hospital identifies the procedures and processes associated with the risk of infection and implements strategies to reduce infection risk.

- ✓ Identify processes associated with infection risk.
- ✓ Implement strategies, education, and evidencebased activities to reduce infection risk in those processes.
- ✓ Identify which risks require policies and/or procedures, staff education, practice changes, and other activities to support risk reduction.



Standard PCI.6

The hospital uses a risk-based approach in establishing the focus of the health care—associated infection, prevention and reduction program.

Standard PCI.6.1

The hospital tracks infection risks, infection rates, and trends in health care—associated infections to reduce the risks of those infections.



Standard PCI.7.1

The hospital reduces the risk of infections by ensuring adequate medical technology cleaning and sterilization and the proper management of laundry and linen.

- Methods for medical technology cleaning, disinfection, and sterilization address the principles of infection prevention and control.
- ✓ applied throughout the hospital.
- ✓ applied to laundry and linen management, including transportation, cleaning, and storage.



Hospitals collect and evaluate data on the following relevant infections and sites:

- a) Respiratory VAP
- b) Urinary catheters CAUTI
- c) Intravascular invasive devices CLABSI
- d) Surgical sites SSI
- e) Multidrug-resistant organisms, highly virulent Infections MDROs
- f) Emerging or reemerging infections with the community ZIKA, H1N1, etc.

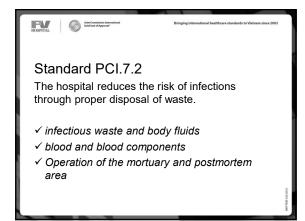


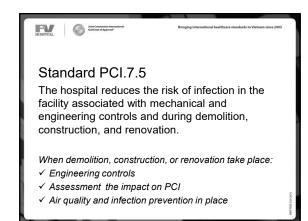
Standard PCI.7.1.1

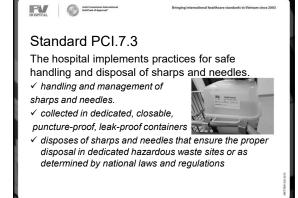
The hospital identifies and implements a process for managing expired supplies and the reuse of single-use devices when laws and regulations permit.

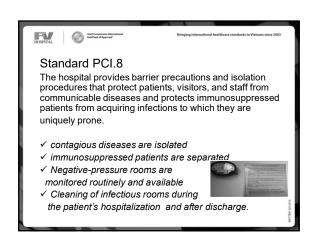
The policy is consistent with national laws and regulations and professional standards and includes identification of

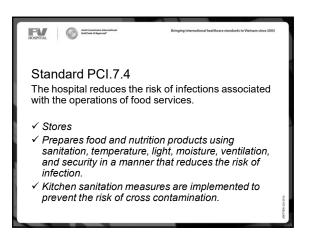
- a) devices and materials that may be reused;
- b) the maximum number of reuses specific for each device
- c) the types of wear and cracking
- d) the cleaning process for each device
- e) identification of patients on whom reusable medical devices have been used
- f) a proactive evaluation of the safety of reusing

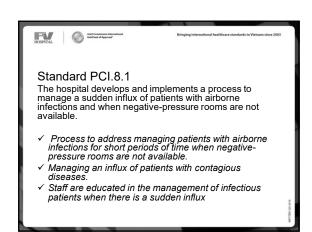














Standard PCI.9

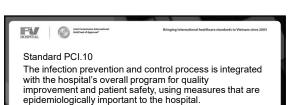
Gloves, masks, eye protection, other protective equipment, soap, and disinfectants are available and used correctly when required.

- ✓ Availability personal protective equipment
- ✓ PPE is correctly used
- Surface disinfecting procedures are implemented for areas identified as at risk for infection transmission.
- Soap, disinfectants, and towels in areas where handwashing and hand-disinfecting procedures are required.



Infection Prevention and Control Standards

- IPSG 5: Reduce the Risk of Infection Hand Hygiene
- Organization of IPC Oversight and Coordination of all Disciplines
- Evidence and Regulatory Based IPC Program
- Management Support on IPC Program
- Comprehensive Program on HAI
- · Risk Based Approach and Tracking of HAI
- Procedures and Processes associated with the risk of infection
- · Cleaning and Sterilization
- · Proper Management of Laundry



- Integrated into the hospital's quality improvement and patient safety program.
- ✓ Monitoring data are collected and analysed
- ✓ Data are used to evaluate and support improvements to the infection prevention and control program.
- ✓ Documented and reports of data analysis and recommendations are provided to leadership on a quarterly basis



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JCI PCI Standards

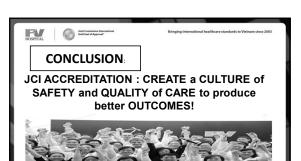
- · Proper Disposal of Waste
- · Expired Supplies and the Reuse of Single-use Devices
- · Handling and Disposal of Sharps and Needles
- · Risk of infection in the Facility Associated Activities
- · Barrier Precautions on Spread of Infection
- Process to manage a sudden influx of patients with airborne infections
- Integration of IPC in QPS Program



Standard PCI.11

The hospital provides education on infection prevention and control practices to staff, physicians, patients, families, and other caregivers when indicated by their involvement in care.

- √ The hospital provides education about infection prevention and control
 - to all staff and other professionals.
 - to patients and families.
- ✓ Periodic staff education is provided in response to significant trends in infection data.
- ✓ Findings and trends from the measurement activities are communicated throughout the hospital and included as part of periodic education.



Quality Improvements never cease even to the best of hospitals in the world!

